

## Modules Multimedia Aligned with Research Assignment

### **Example Assignment: Annotated Bibliography**

Annotations help students describe, evaluate, and reflect upon sources they have encountered during their research projects. This example assignment requires students to engage in library database research in order to locate, evaluate, and cite sources relevant to their research topic.

Feel free to use the example below as a template for breaking down (scaffolding) a research assignment into discrete steps. See the accompanying table for how the InfoLit Modules can be used at specific steps of this assignment.

In this handout you will find:

- Sample Annotated Bibliography Assignment
  - Instructions and Steps
  - Annotation Practice
  - Assignment Check Sheet
- Modules Multimedia Mapping

### **Annotated Bibliography Instructions and Steps**

To complete this assignment, you will locate, evaluate, and cite at least 8 sources related to your research topic. Be sure to check the Assignment Check Sheet for specific requirements from your instructor.

1. Identify your research question. Make sure the scope of your research question is appropriate for the assignment requirements. If you're having trouble choosing 8 relevant sources, you may need to narrow the scope of your question. Enter your research question in the box below (it's ok to update it as you gather sources).

2. Identify the 8 sources you will include in your annotated bibliography. Make note of the 8 sources in the space below. Be sure to include any information about the source you will need to create a proper citation in MLA style.

3. Summarize the article or book. Repeat this step for each of the 8 sources. First, identify the main argument, the purpose of the source, topics it covers, and conclusions it may draw (if it is a research study).

4. Assess the source in terms of usefulness and reliability. Repeat this step for each of the 8 sources.

- In terms of **usefulness**, consider how it fits into your research question, how it might help you shape your • argument, and how you could use it in answering your research question.
- In terms of reliability, consider both the quality of the platform (web pages? journal? publisher?) and any biases • you may have detected.

Tip: Make sure that you do not use the exact same introductory phrase for every entry; find some variety in order to keep the interest of the reader.

5. The bibliographic expression or statement—information you would include in a works cited list. Be sure to use the MLA citation style. Correctness of this form will be evaluated.

Double space from the bibliographic statement and begin the annotation. ALWAYS refer to the author/s by LAST NAME only—no need to include first name since it is already in the bibliographic statement.



### Annotated Bibliography Practice

1. Write the bibliographic statement for the Norberg-Hodge article on p.165 in our text:

#### 2. Make notes that offer a summary of the article:

Her thesis:

Her conclusions:

Her evidence:

#### 3. Write the summary in full sentences:

4. Consider some ways to "change up" the introductory sentence. For example:

By studying the ways.....Norberg-Hodge ......

Offering evidence from field research, Norberg-Hodege.....

In her article, Norberg-Hodge....

It is suggested in Norberg-Hodge's article that....

Come up with some of your own alternatives in the space below.

5. Assess the article in terms of addressing the research question: "What kinds of activities change cultures?" How well does the article answer or address the question? Would it be useful in a research project addressing this question?

6. Write your analysis/assessment here:

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### **Annotated Bibliography Check Sheet**

#### Does your bibliography have:

	A fully stated research question that is appropriately narrow?
	At least 8 sources?
id	Properly formatted MLA bibliographic statements? (check to make sure the sources have been appropriately entified; ask if you are not sure)
	Sources are listed in ALPHABETICAL order by author's last name (or title if there is no author)
	Appropriately identified author (especially in web sites)?
	A mix of scholarly and other "high quality" sources? (ask if you are not sure or visit the Source Types tutorial)
al	Blog posts, short news articles, magazines, or other websites that may not have high credibility? (if so, find ternative sources)
	"Out dented" first lines; indented lines after the first?
	Annotations begin on a line separate from the bibliographic statement?
	Consistent 12 point font in Times New Roman or Arial?
Do your a	annotations have:
	A mixture of introductory phrases?
	A summary of the MAIN idea/s of each source?
re	An assessment of the USEFULNESS or RELEVANCE of the sources for answering or addressing the esearch question?
	An assessment of the QUALITY of the source and its origin with a brief explanation?
Edit the a	innotation if it:
	Does not adequately accomplish the above listing
	Is too short (offers little in the way of explanation or example)
	Is too long (offers too much detail)

- Is close in wording and structure to the abstract offered in the database or the article itself
- Refers to authors by their first names
- Each bibliographic entry is numbered
- Lines are not double spaced
  - Upper case words in titles or articles are italicized
  - Contains spelling and/or grammatical errors

# Modules Multimedia Mapping

Assignment Component	Relevant Modules Multimedia	Multimedia Description
<b>Intro:</b> Definition of an annotation	Tutorial: Annotated Bibliographies	Use this tutorial to help students identify the purpose, structure, and content of annotated bibliographies and create their own annotations.
Step 1: Identify your	Tutorial: Developing a Research Focus	In this tutorial, students will be introduced to pre-research techniques to determine the scope and depth of their research focus.
research question	Video: How to Narrow Your Topic	This video will outline the process to help students hone in on a compelling research topic with appropriate scope using strategies like strategic searching.
Step 3: Summarize the article or book	Tutorial: Synthesizing Information	This video focuses on strategies for tying together ideas from multiple sources, including identifying main ideas, and paraphrasing and summarizing techniques.
	Tutorial: Paraphrasing, Quoting, and Summarizing	This tutorial provides students with an overview of paraphrasing, quoting, and summarizing. Students will learn when and how to use paraphrasing, quoting, and summarizing depending on the goal of their writing, plus how to accurately represent their sources.
	Tutorial: Evaluating Information	Students will become familiar with strategies for evaluating sources based on these criteria: authority, accuracy, currency, relevance, and objectivity.
	VIdeo: What is Authority?	Use this video to introduce students to the concept of authority, how it relates to research, source selection, evaluation, and attribution.
<b>Step 4</b> : Assess the source for usefulness and reliability	Video: Intro to Bias	This video introduces the idea of bias and prejudice and the importance of awareness of one's own bias and the bias of others when evaluating sources and situations, and responding to arguments.
,	Tutorial: Lateral Reading	This tutorial will introduce students to the practice of lateral reading. Students will learn how to evaluate online materials by digging deeper into the origins and motives behind the site. Students will also have the opportunity to practice lateral reading on their own through a guided activity.
	Video: Types of Bias	This video builds on the introduction to bias video by discussing specific types of bias such as social bias, confirmation bias, and communal reinforcement.
Step 4: Use a variety of sentence structures	Video: Writing Help	This video focuses on some of the most important elements of successful writing with an emphasis on mechanics, including concision, clarity, sentence variety and transitions, spelling and grammar, and seeking out resources for writing help.
Structure Step 1: Create a bibliographic expression	Tutorial: MLA 8th Edition Citation Style	Use this tutorial to provide students with an overview of the MLA 8th Edition citation style, including both in-text citation format and works cited format. Tutorial also includes several "check your understanding" questions with drag and drop exercises where students can format citations of different source types properly.
Check Sheet Requirement: Use a	Tutorial: Source Types	Use this tutorial to help students locate, recognize, and evaluate relevant sources to meet their research needs.
mix of scholarly and other high quality sources	Tutorial: How to Read Scholarly Materials	This tutorial will walk students through the types and components of scholarly materials as well as strategies for strategic reading.

Check Sheet	Tutorial: Source Types	Use this tutorial to help students locate, recognize, and evaluate relevant sources to meet their research needs.
Requirement: Avoid low-credibility sources	Tutorial: Choosing the Best Web Source	With so much information available online, it's important for students to be able to locate reliable, high quality information. Use this tutorial to introduce strategies for navigating the open web and evaluating web sources.